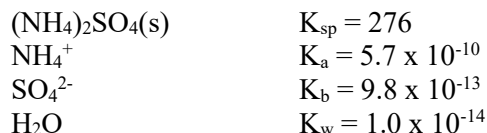


Complete problem 1 and four of problems 2-6. CLEARLY mark the problems you do not want graded. You must show your work to receive credit for problems requiring math. Report your answers with the appropriate number of significant figures.

You MUST complete problem 1. (16 pts.)

1. When ammonium sulfate dissolves, both the anion and the cation can participate in acid-base equilibria. Considering all the equilibria reflected by the equilibrium constants below, write enough equations so that you could solve for the concentration of each species in a solution that is saturated with ammonium sulfate and also contains 0.20 M potassium nitrate. You must write the charge balance expression and at least one mass balance. *Identify all unknowns and write enough explicit, independent equations so that only algebra remains to solve for the unknowns. A numerical answer is not necessary. Ignore activities.*



Do four of problems 2-6. Clearly mark the problems you do not want graded. (16 pts. ea.)

2. Consider the table of activity coefficients below. As you move from left to right across any row on the table, the values for activity coefficient decrease. As you move down in a given column, the activity coefficient also decreases. Clearly describe the phenomena that cause these trends. **Do not simply point out the trends; *you must explain why the trends are observed*.** No calculations are necessary.

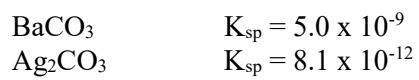
	Ionic Strength		
Species	0.001 M	0.01 M	0.1 M
hydronium ion	0.967	0.914	0.830
nitrate ion	0.964	0.899	0.755
calcium ion	0.870	0.675	0.405
sulfate ion	0.867	0.660	0.355
phosphate ion	0.725	0.395	0.095

3. Aziridine (C_2NH_5) is a monobasic weak base with a pK_b of 5.96. Calculate the pH of a solution prepared by mixing 20.0 mL of 0.025 M HCl with 50.0 mL of 0.036 M aziridine and diluting the resulting solution to 100.0 mL. *Do not consider autoprotolysis or activities.*

4. Using activities, find the mercury concentration of a solution of 0.025 M K_2SO_4 that is saturated with $\text{Hg}(\text{SCN})_2$ (K_{sp} for $\text{Hg}(\text{SCN})_2$ is 2.8×10^{-20}). Assume that all other salts are soluble. You may ignore the autoprotolysis of water and any acid-base character of sulfate and thiocyanate. Compare this result to that obtained if you were to ignore activities.

5. Complete both parts a and b. (8 points each)
- a. A saturated solution of Ag_2CO_3 ($K_{\text{sp}} = 8.1 \times 10^{-12}$) that originally had a volume of 1.00 L is allowed to evaporate until the solution volume is 0.500 L. How does the new concentration of Ag^+ compare to the concentration in the original solution? Clearly justify your response. *Do not consider activities.*
- b. In determining the pH of a solution that contains 0.10 M formic acid ($K_{\text{a}} = 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$) and 0.10 M HF ($K_{\text{a}} = 6.8 \times 10^{-4}$), why is the ICE table approach not a valid strategy to employ? What approach should be used instead? *Do not consider activities.*

6. Is it possible to perform a 99.99 % complete separation of barium and silver by precipitation with carbonate if both Ba^{2+} and Ag^+ are present initially at 0.010 M? Justify your decision. *Do not consider activities.*



Possibly Useful Information

$K_a K_b = K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}$	$\text{pH} = -\log [\text{H}^+]$
$y = mx + b$	$\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$
$\log \gamma = \frac{-0.51z^2 \sqrt{\mu}}{1 + (\alpha \sqrt{\mu}/305)}$ (with α in pm)	$\mu = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i c_i z_i^2$
$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S = -RT \ln K$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Activity coefficients for aqueous solutions at 25°C

Ion	Ion size (α , pm)	Ionic strength (μ , M)				
		0.001	0.005	0.01	0.05	0.1
CHARGE = ± 1						
H ⁺	900	0.967	0.933	0.914	0.86	0.83
(C ₆ H ₅) ₂ CHCO ₂ ⁻ , (C ₃ H ₇) ₄ N ⁺	800	0.966	0.931	0.912	0.85	0.82
(O ₂ N) ₃ C ₆ H ₂ O ⁻ , (C ₃ H ₇) ₃ NH ⁺ , CH ₃ OC ₆ H ₄ CO ₂ ⁻	700	0.965	0.930	0.909	0.845	0.81
Li ⁺ , C ₆ H ₅ CO ₂ ⁻ , HOC ₆ H ₄ CO ₂ ⁻ , ClC ₆ H ₄ CO ₂ ⁻ , C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻ , CH ₂ =CHCH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻ , (CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻ , (CH ₃ CH ₂) ₄ N ⁺ , (C ₃ H ₇) ₂ NH ₂ ⁺	600	0.965	0.929	0.907	0.835	0.80
Cl ₂ CHCO ₂ ⁻ , Cl ₃ CCO ₂ ⁻ , (CH ₃ CH ₂) ₃ NH ⁺ , (C ₃ H ₇)NH ₃ ⁺	500	0.964	0.928	0.904	0.83	0.79
Na ⁺ , CdCl ⁺ , ClO ₂ ⁻ , IO ₃ ⁻ , HCO ₃ ⁻ , H ₂ PO ₄ ⁻ , HSO ₃ ⁻ , H ₂ AsO ₄ ⁻ , Co(NH ₃) ₄ (NO ₂) ₂ ⁺ , CH ₃ CO ₂ ⁻ , ClCH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻ , (CH ₃) ₄ N ⁺ , (CH ₃ CH ₂) ₂ NH ₂ ⁺ , H ₂ NCH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻	450	0.964	0.928	0.902	0.82	0.775
⁺ H ₃ NCH ₂ CO ₂ H, (CH ₃) ₃ NH ⁺ , CH ₃ CH ₂ NH ₃ ⁺	400	0.964	0.927	0.901	0.815	0.77
OH ⁻ , F ⁻ , SCN ⁻ , OCN ⁻ , HS ⁻ , ClO ₃ ⁻ , ClO ₄ ⁻ , BrO ₃ ⁻ , IO ₄ ⁻ , MnO ₄ ⁻ , HCO ₂ ⁻ , H ₂ citrate ⁻ , CH ₃ NH ₃ ⁺ , (CH ₃) ₂ NH ₂ ⁺	350	0.964	0.926	0.900	0.81	0.76
K ⁺ , Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ , CN ⁻ , NO ₂ ⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻	300	0.964	0.925	0.899	0.805	0.755
Rb ⁺ , Cs ⁺ , NH ₄ ⁺ , Tl ⁺ , Ag ⁺	250	0.964	0.924	0.898	0.80	0.75
CHARGE = ± 2						
Mg ²⁺ , Be ²⁺	800	0.872	0.755	0.69	0.52	0.45
CH ₂ (CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻) ₂ , (CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻) ₂	700	0.872	0.755	0.685	0.50	0.425
Ca ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , Zn ²⁺ , Sn ²⁺ , Mn ²⁺ , Fe ²⁺ , Ni ²⁺ , Co ²⁺ , C ₆ H ₄ (CO ₂ ⁻) ₂ , H ₂ C(CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻) ₂ , (CH ₂ CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻) ₂	600	0.870	0.749	0.675	0.485	0.405
Sr ²⁺ , Ba ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Hg ²⁺ , S ²⁻ , S ₂ O ₄ ²⁻ , WO ₄ ²⁻ , H ₂ C(CO ₂ ⁻) ₂ , (CH ₂ CO ₂ ⁻) ₂ , (CHOHCO ₂ ⁻) ₂	500	0.868	0.744	0.67	0.465	0.38
Pb ²⁺ , CO ₃ ²⁻ , SO ₃ ²⁻ , MoO ₄ ²⁻ , Co(NH ₃) ₅ Cl ²⁺ , Fe(CN) ₅ NO ²⁻ , C ₂ O ₄ ²⁻ , Hcitrate ²⁻	450	0.867	0.742	0.665	0.455	0.37
Hg ₂ ²⁺ , SO ₄ ²⁻ , S ₂ O ₃ ²⁻ , S ₂ O ₆ ²⁻ , S ₂ O ₈ ²⁻ , SeO ₄ ²⁻ , CrO ₄ ²⁻ , HPO ₄ ²⁻	400	0.867	0.740	0.660	0.445	0.355
CHARGE = ± 3						
Al ³⁺ , Fe ³⁺ , Cr ³⁺ , Sc ³⁺ , Y ³⁺ , In ³⁺ , lanthanides ^a	900	0.738	0.54	0.445	0.245	0.18
citrate ³⁻	500	0.728	0.51	0.405	0.18	0.115
PO ₄ ³⁻ , Fe(CN) ₆ ³⁻ , Cr(NH ₃) ₆ ³⁺ , Co(NH ₃) ₆ ³⁺ , Co(NH ₃) ₅ H ₂ O ³⁺	400	0.725	0.505	0.395	0.16	0.095
CHARGE = ± 4						
Th ⁴⁺ , Zr ⁴⁺ , Ce ⁴⁺ , Sn ⁴⁺	1 100	0.588	0.35	0.255	0.10	0.065
Fe(CN) ₆ ⁴⁻	500	0.57	0.31	0.20	0.048	0.021

a. Lanthanides are elements 57–71 in the periodic table. SOURCE: J. Kielland, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1937**, 59, 1675.

Periodic Table of the Elements

IA																	VIIA	8A			
1A	1	2																	17	8A	
	H	He																			
	Hydrogen	Helium																			
	1.008	4.003																			
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12							15	16	17			
Li	Be	Mg	Ca	K	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr	
Lithium	Beryllium	Magnesium	Calcium	Potassium	Scandium	Titanium	Vanadium	Chromium	Manganese	Iron	Cobalt	Nickel	Copper	Zinc	Gallium	Germanium	Arsenic	Selenium	Bromine	Krypton	
6.941	9.012	24.305	40.078	39.098	44.956	47.867	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.845	58.933	58.693	63.546	65.38	69.723	72.631	74.922	78.971	79.904	83.798	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18							29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Na	Mg	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar							K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe
Sodium	Magnesium	Aluminum	Silicon	Phosphorus	Sulfur	Chlorine	Argon							Potassium	Calcium	Scandium	Titanium	Vanadium	Chromium	Manganese	Iron
22.990	24.305	26.982	28.086	30.974	32.066	35.453	39.948							39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr	Xe			
Potassium	Calcium	Scandium	Titanium	Vanadium	Chromium	Manganese	Iron	Cobalt	Nickel	Copper	Zinc	Gallium	Germanium	Arsenic	Selenium	Bromine	Krypton	Xenon			
39.098	40.078	44.956	47.867	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.845	58.933	58.693	63.546	65.38	69.723	72.631	74.922	78.971	79.904	83.798	131.294			
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54				
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe				
Rubidium	Strontium	Yttrium	Zirconium	Niobium	Molybdenum	Technetium	Ruthenium	Rhodium	Palladium	Silver	Cadmium	Indium	Tin	Antimony	Tellurium	Iodine	Xenon				
85.468	87.62	88.906	91.224	92.906	95.95	98.907	101.07	102.906	106.42	107.868	112.414	114.818	118.711	121.760	127.6	126.904	131.294				
55	56	57-71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86				
Cs	Ba							Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	
Cesium	Barium							Hafnium	Tantalum	Tungsten	Rhenium	Osmium	Iridium	Platinum	Gold	Mercury	Thallium	Lead	Bismuth	Polonium	
132.905	137.328							178.49	180.948	183.84	186.207	190.23	192.217	195.085	196.967	200.592	204.383	207.2	208.980	[208.982]	
87	88	89-103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118				
Fr	Ra							Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Cn	Rg	Nh	Fl	Mc	Lv	
Francium	Radium							Rutherfordium	Dubnium	Seaborgium	Bohrium	Hassium	Meitnerium	Darmstadtium	Copernicium	Roentgenium	Nihonium	Flerovium	Moscovium	Livermorium	
223.020	226.025							[261]	[262]	[266]	[264]	[269]	[278]	[281]	[280]	[285]	[286]	[289]	[289]	[293]	[294]
																		69	70	71	
																		Er	Tm	Yb	Lu
																		Erbium	Thulium	Ytterbium	Lutetium
																		167.259	168.934	173.055	174.967
																		101	102	103	
																		Fm	Md	No	Lr
																		Fermium	Mendelevium	Nobelium	Lawrencium
																		257.095	258.10	259.101	[262]