



Factors that Influence Atomic Spectra: Line Widths

2. Doppler Broadening

- Doppler Effect: Apparent frequency of wave depends on the relative motion of the source and the observer
 - source moving toward observer =
 - source moving away from observer =
- In an atomic spectroscopy experiment, the atom is the source and the detector is the observer
- Since the motion of atoms is typically random, the result is symmetrical broadening of the atomic line.
- Major source of broadening in atomic spectroscopy

3. Collision (Pressure) Broadening

- Collisions cause changes in ground state energy levels
- Collisions can be with atoms of same kind or different species
- Also major source of broadening









































