

**Chem 130**  
**Exam 1, Ch 1-4**  
**100 Points**

**Name** \_\_\_\_\_  
**September 23, 2011**

Please follow the instructions for each section of the exam. Show your work on all mathematical problems. Provide answers with the correct units and significant figures. Be concise in your answers to discussion questions.

**Part 0: Warmup. 4 points each**

- Which of the following aspects of Dalton's atomic theory remains unchanged in our current understanding:
  - Atoms are indivisible.
  - All atoms of a particular element are identical.
  - Compounds are the result of a combination of two or more different kinds of atoms in fixed ratios. Answer \_\_\_\_\_
  - None of the above.
- Thallium has two stable isotopes,  $^{203}\text{Tl}$  and  $^{205}\text{Tl}$ . Given that the atomic mass of thallium is 204.383 amu, which isotope must have the larger natural abundance?
  - $^{203}\text{Tl}$
  - $^{205}\text{Tl}$
  - Both have the same natural abundance. Answer \_\_\_\_\_
  - Not enough information to make this determination.

**Part I: Complete all of problems 3-8**

- Define the following using a maximum of two sentences for each definition. (8 points)
  - accuracy:
  - precision:

- Complete the following table. (12 points)

Symbol	$^{40}\text{Ca}^{2+}$	$^{58}\text{Ni}$	
# of protons			16
# of neutrons			16
# of electrons			18
Charge	+2		
Name			

5. Name the following compounds or provide the correct formula for the given names. (18 pts)

a. iron (III) sulfate

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b. calcium chloride

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c.  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$

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d. diphosphorous tetrafluoride

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e.  $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$

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f.  $\text{Cr}(\text{PO}_4)_2$

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6. A solution consisting of 8.50% acetone and 91.50% water by mass has a density of 0.9867 g/mL. What mass of acetone, in kg, is present in 7.50 L of the solution? (8 pts)

7. Write balanced reactions, specifying the state for all reactants and products. (8 points)

a. Aqueous copper (I) sulfate reacts with aqueous barium iodide to produce solid barium sulfate and aqueous copper (I) iodide.

b. Aqueous sodium carbonate reacts with gaseous nitrogen monoxide and oxygen gas to produce aqueous sodium nitrate and carbon monoxide gas.

8. How many  $^{204}\text{Pb}$  atoms are in a piece of lead weighing 215 mg? The percent natural abundance of lead is 1.4%. (8 points)

**Part II. Answer three (3) of problems 9-12. Clearly mark the problem you do not want graded. 10 points each.**

9. Ammonia can be generated by heating together the solids  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$  and  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ .  $\text{CaCl}_2$  and water are also formed. How many grams of  $\text{NH}_3$  will form if 33.0 grams each of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  and  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$  are heated? (molar masses (g/mol):  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} = 53.4912$ ,  $\text{NH}_3 = 17.03056$ ,  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2 = 74.093$ ,  $\text{CaCl}_2 = 110.983$ , water = 18.0153)
10. Silicon has three stable isotopes,  $^{28}\text{Si}$ ,  $^{29}\text{Si}$ , and  $^{30}\text{Si}$  with masses of 27.98 amu, 28.98 amu, and 29.77 amu, respectively. If the natural abundance of  $^{28}\text{Si}$  is 92.23%, what are the percent abundances of the other two isotopes?

11. One of the reasons that methamphetamine is such a problem is that it is a relatively small molecule that is fairly easy to synthesize. A molecule of methamphetamine contains only carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen and has a molar mass of 149.2 g/mol. If methamphetamine is 80.48% C and 9.39% N by mass, what is its molecular formula?
12. Iron ore is impure  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ . When  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  is heated with carbon, metallic iron and carbon monoxide gas are formed. From a sample of ore weighing 938 g, 532 g of pure iron is obtained. What is the percent  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ , by mass, in the original ore sample?  
(molar masses (g/mol):  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 = 159.6922$ , carbon monoxide = 28.010)

**Possibly Useful Information**

$N_a = 6.02214 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$	$D = m/v$
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1	2	18
1A	2A	8A
<sup>1</sup> H 1.00794		<sup>2</sup> He 4.00260

<sup>3</sup> Li 6.941	<sup>4</sup> Be 9.01218	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	<sup>5</sup> B 10.811	<sup>6</sup> C 12.011	<sup>7</sup> N 14.0067	<sup>8</sup> O 15.9994	<sup>9</sup> F 18.9984	<sup>10</sup> Ne 20.1797
<sup>11</sup> Na 22.9898	<sup>12</sup> Mg 24.3050	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B	8	9	10	1B	2B	<sup>13</sup> Al 26.9815	<sup>14</sup> Si 28.0855	<sup>15</sup> P 30.9738	<sup>16</sup> S 32.066	<sup>17</sup> Cl 35.4527	<sup>18</sup> Ar 39.948
<sup>19</sup> K 39.0983	<sup>20</sup> Ca 40.078	<sup>21</sup> Sc 44.9559	<sup>22</sup> Ti 47.88	<sup>23</sup> V 50.9415	<sup>24</sup> Cr 51.9961	<sup>25</sup> Mn 54.9381	<sup>26</sup> Fe 55.847	<sup>27</sup> Co 58.9332	<sup>28</sup> Ni 58.693	<sup>29</sup> Cu 63.546	<sup>30</sup> Zn 65.39	<sup>31</sup> Ga 69.723	<sup>32</sup> Ge 72.61	<sup>33</sup> As 74.9216	<sup>34</sup> Se 78.96	<sup>35</sup> Br 79.904	<sup>36</sup> Kr 83.80
<sup>37</sup> Rb 85.4678	<sup>38</sup> Sr 87.62	<sup>39</sup> Y 88.9059	<sup>40</sup> Zr 91.224	<sup>41</sup> Nb 92.9064	<sup>42</sup> Mo 95.94	<sup>43</sup> Tc (98)	<sup>44</sup> Ru 101.07	<sup>45</sup> Rh 102.906	<sup>46</sup> Pd 106.42	<sup>47</sup> Ag 107.868	<sup>48</sup> Cd 112.411	<sup>49</sup> In 114.818	<sup>50</sup> Sn 118.710	<sup>51</sup> Sb 121.757	<sup>52</sup> Te 127.60	<sup>53</sup> I 126.904	<sup>54</sup> Xe 131.29
<sup>55</sup> Cs 132.905	<sup>56</sup> Ba 137.327	<sup>57</sup> *La 138.906	<sup>72</sup> Hf 178.49	<sup>73</sup> Ta 180.948	<sup>74</sup> W 183.84	<sup>75</sup> Re 186.207	<sup>76</sup> Os 190.23	<sup>77</sup> Ir 192.22	<sup>78</sup> Pt 195.08	<sup>79</sup> Au 196.967	<sup>80</sup> Hg 200.59	<sup>81</sup> Tl 204.383	<sup>82</sup> Pb 207.2	<sup>83</sup> Bi 208.980	<sup>84</sup> Po (209)	<sup>85</sup> At (210)	<sup>86</sup> Rn (222)
<sup>87</sup> Fr (223)	<sup>88</sup> Ra 226.025	<sup>89</sup> *Ac 227.028	<sup>104</sup> Rf (261)	<sup>105</sup> Db (262)	<sup>106</sup> Sg (266)	<sup>107</sup> Bh (264)	<sup>108</sup> Hs (277)	<sup>109</sup> Mt (268)	<sup>110</sup> Ds (271)	<sup>111</sup> Rg (272)							

*Lanthanide series	<sup>58</sup> Ce 140.115	<sup>59</sup> Pr 140.908	<sup>60</sup> Nd 144.24	<sup>61</sup> Pm (145)	<sup>62</sup> Sm 150.36	<sup>63</sup> Eu 151.965	<sup>64</sup> Gd 157.25	<sup>65</sup> Tb 158.925	<sup>66</sup> Dy 162.50	<sup>67</sup> Ho 164.930	<sup>68</sup> Er 167.26	<sup>69</sup> Tm 168.934	<sup>70</sup> Yb 173.04	<sup>71</sup> Lu 174.967
<sup>†</sup> Actinide series	<sup>90</sup> Th 232.038	<sup>91</sup> Pa 231.036	<sup>92</sup> U 238.029	<sup>93</sup> Np 237.048	<sup>94</sup> Pu (244)	<sup>95</sup> Am (243)	<sup>96</sup> Cm (247)	<sup>97</sup> Bk (247)	<sup>98</sup> Cf (251)	<sup>99</sup> Es (252)	<sup>100</sup> Fm (257)	<sup>101</sup> Md (258)	<sup>102</sup> No (259)	<sup>103</sup> Lr (262)